

The immensely rich, but incredibly scatterbrained Pharaoh has accumulated riches both great and small and hid them all under his pyramids. The only problem is, he can't remember where he's

## hidden them all!

Lucky for him, you're here to help him recover all his lost treasures!

## CONTENTS

(1) 47 pyramids ( $16 \times$ gold, $16 \times$ red, $15 \times$ blue)
(2) 30 search cards
(3) 1 playing surface with 48 holes
(4) 12 treasure cut-outs (each with one treasure and three empty spaces)
(5) 21 chips
( $5 \times$ scarabs, $3 x$ curse of the mummy, 13x explorers with 1 to 3 hats)
(6) 1 mummy

blue)

## AIM OF THE BASIC GAME <br> AIM OF THE BASIC CAME

Whoever finds the most of the Pharaoh's treasures (the most valuable search cards), wins the game.

## GAME SETUP

When playing for the first time:
Carefully punch out the treasure cut-outs and the chips. Note: Do not throw away the playing surface (see illustration on right).



## Before each game:

Sort the $\mathbf{3 0}$ search cards according to the number on the back ( 1,2 , and 3 ). Shuffle each of the three stacks of cards separately before laying each stack, one on top of the other: Put the stack of cards with the 3 on the bottom, then put stack 2 on top of it, followed by the stack with the number 1 on top. The three stacks together make up the
 search card draw pile.

## Put the $\mathbf{1 2}$ treasure

 cut-outs into the plastic game box insert so that all the slots are filled and all the treasures can be seen.It is recommended to change the order of the treasure cut-outs before each game to keep things interesting and challenging. Then, lay the playing surface on top of the plastic game box insert.


You should be able to see the treasures through the holes of the playing surface. Now randomly place the pyramids on the playing surface. One space will be left unoccupied so that the pyramids can be slid back and forth. Make sure that the space without a pyramid
 does not show a treasure.

The $\mathbf{2 1}$ chips are not needed in the basic game. Put them off to the side. Now turn the game around a few times on its axis so that no one can remember where the treasures are ... Now let the treasure hunt begin!

## ORDER OF PLAY

The bravest player begins, with play continuing in a clockwise direction. The first player turns over the top search card and lays it face up next to the draw pile so that everyone can see it. The card shows the treasure that you have to search for and its value (1 to 4).


The player then slides exactly one neighboring pyramid onto the previously free space.
There are three possibilities:

## 1. No treasure is showing:

The player can move another pyramid that borders the free space.

## 2. A treasure is showing, but not the right one:

He's out of luck! His turn is over. Now it's the next player's turn to search for the treasure showing
 on the card.

## 3. The correct treasure is showing:

The player picks up the search card and lays it face down in front of him on the table. His turn is now over and the player to his left begins his turn. He turns over the next search card and tries to find the corresponding treasure among the pyramids.

You can move one pyramid after another until you either find the treasure you are looking for or some other treasure. Through trial and error, you get to know where the different treasures are buried and the path how to get there. Try to remember both.


Once you get to the search cards with the 2 on the back, the special actions come into play. These are indicated by a symbol on the back of some of the cards.

From now on, the following applies: If a player finds a treasure and wins a search card, first look at the back of the next card to see if one of these symbols appears:

Sand storm

Scorpion

Super powers

Duel

If there is a symbol, you must first carry out the special action, and only once you have completed it, does the game continue as normal. For all special actions: always the player to the left of the player who last moved a pyramid begins his turn after the special action has been completed.

## Overview of special action cards:



Sand storm: Turn the game on its axis by 90 degrees (one quarter turn) in a clockwise direction. Then turn over the search card as usual and continue the treasure hunt.


Scorpion: At first, do not turn over this card. The scorpion keeps watch over the Pharaoh's treasure and will attack anyone who dares to touch his treasure.
Starting with the player whose turn it is, everyone slides one pyramid each, one after the other. Be sure not to move the same pyramid that has just been moved by the previous player.

Continue sliding one pyramid each until someone uncovers a treasure. The player who uncovered the treasure is stung by the scorpion and as a result must hand over one of his search cards to the player on his right.
Then turn over the search card with the scorpion on its back and continue the game as normal.

> Note: If the player who was stung by the scorpion does not yet have a search card that he can give to the other player, the player on his right gets a card from the top of the draw pile (the card with the scorpion on its back). The game then continues according to the normal rules.

Super powers: Turn over the card as usual: Starting with the player whose turn it is, everyone receives super powers on his turn: When hunting for the right treasure, you can slide as many pyramids in a row as you like, instead of just one (i.e. 1-7 pyramids at once). This lets you cover greater distances at once and lets you move from one side of the playing surface to the other more quickly. If you happen to find the wrong treasure, your turn is over and the player to your left gets to try his luck with the super powers at finding the right treasure. Play continues in this way until one of you has found the right treasure. Then you all lose your super powers and play continues as usual.


Duel: At first, do not turn over this card. The player whose turn it is has to duel against the player on his left:
Both players each lay down one of their search cards face up in front of them on the table. The treasures on the cards cannot be the same. If one of the players in the duel has not yet won a search card, he receives the search card directly beneath the duel card from the draw pile, which he lays down face up in front of him on the table. The player whose turn it is begins by sliding the pyramid according to the normal rules, trying to find the treasure of the other player. If he uncovers a wrong treasure, the other dueling player takes his turn and tries to find his opponent's treasure. The player whose treasure is found first loses the duel (he also loses, of course, if he accidentally finds his own treasure!). The winner of the duel gets to keep both cards.
After the duel, turn over the search card with the duel symbol on it and continue the game as normal.

## END OF GAME

The game is over as soon as a player has won the last search card. Now everyone adds up the points on his search cards. The player with the most points wins the game. If more than one player has the same number of points, all involved players count their cards and the one with the most search cards wins. If they are still tied, all involved players win!

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Note:
1. If you happen to turn over a search card that shows the treasure that is currently uncovered, you're in luck! You get to keep the search card and your turn is over.
2. If you want to play Ramses with younger children, play the game without the special actions with the lone exception of the Sand storm.
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## GAME FOR EXPERT TREASURE HUNTERS

If you have already mastered the original game and want a bigger challenge, then you can start an expedition to search for your fellow explorer colleagues, who have gotten lost in the pyramids. The more explorers you find among the pyramids, the more successful you will be. But beware of the mummies!

## GAME SETUP

The game setup is the same as for the original game with the following changes:
 Each player receives one scarab chip, which you lay down in front of you with the " 2 " facing up. If there are fewer than 5 players, put the remaining scarab chips off to the side.

Distribute the treasure cut-outs as in the original game and lay the playing surface on top.
Now lay the remaining 16 chips on the playing surface with the symbols facing up and cover them with the 16 golden pyramids. Move the 16 pyramids about so that no one remembers which chip is under which pyramid, and then spread them out evenly over the playing surface. It is best, if the gold pyramids are not in the corners.

Now add the red and blue pyramids. Keep the mummy next to the game, as you will need it later. Now shuffle and stack the search cards as in the original game, and the game can begin.

## ORDER OF PLAY

All the rules from the original game stay the same. But there are two important additional rules:

1. Now you can use the scarab.
2. If you find a treasure by moving a gold pyramid, you can tilt the pyramid to see what is beneath.

Reminder: Do not forget to take the search card when you find the right treasure.

## The chips and their meaning:



The scarab: The scarab lets you take an additional turn, two times throughout the course of the game. If you uncover the wrong treasure, you can use your scarab to take another turn. That means, you can move one pyramid after another until you uncover either another incorrect treasure or the treasure that you are looking for. When using your scarab for the first time, turn it over. When you use it a second time, put it off to the side and out of the game.

Curse of the mummy: If you run into the curse of the mummy, pick up the mummy from the side of the game box and put it down in front of you. But leave the chip itself under the pyramid. You lose your next turn. That means, on your next turn, put the mummy back next to the game box instead of taking your turn. As of now, you can play again.
Note: If a player uncovers the curse of the mummy while you still have it in front of you, you're in luck! You get to give the mummy to him and you no longer lose your turn.

Explorers: If you find a chip with one or more explorers on it, take the chip and lay it down in front of you. At the end of the game, the player with the most explorers receives an additional 6 points.
The player with the second highest number of explorers receives an additional 3 points, and the player with the third highest number of explorers receives an additional 2 points. If more than one player has the same number of explorers, they all receive the full number of additional points and no points are awarded for the next highest total of explorers.

## VERSION FOR 1-PLAYER GAME

You can also challenge yourself to a game: The greater number of treasures you find, the greater your reward from the Pharaoh will be (see below)! The game setup is the same as in the original game (no game materials from the expert version are needed). Of the special actions, only the Sand storm comes into play.

Turn over the first search card and lay it down face up in front of you. Search for the treasure showing on the card according to the rules in the original game. If you uncover the wrong treasure, you have to put the search card back into the game box and turn over another search card from the draw pile. Now try to find the treasure on the new search card.

If you find the right treasure that matches the treasure on your search card, you get to keep the card. Once all search cards from the draw pile have been turned over and used up, how many treasures were you able to find?

## PHARAOH'S HALL OF FAME

More than 20 search cards Pharaoh 19 or 20 cards High Priest 17 or 18 cards Grand Vizier 15 or 16 cards Master Builder 13 or 14 cards Royal Guard 11 or 12 cards Royal Embalmer

9 or 10 cards Scribe
7 or 8 cards Peasant
5 or 6 cards Nile Boatman
3 or 4 cards Camel Driver
1 or 2 cards Water Carrier
0 cards Desert Beetle

